

A semi-mechanistic model of the population pharmacokinetics and bactericidal activity of high-dose isoniazid against multi-drug-resistant tuberculosis

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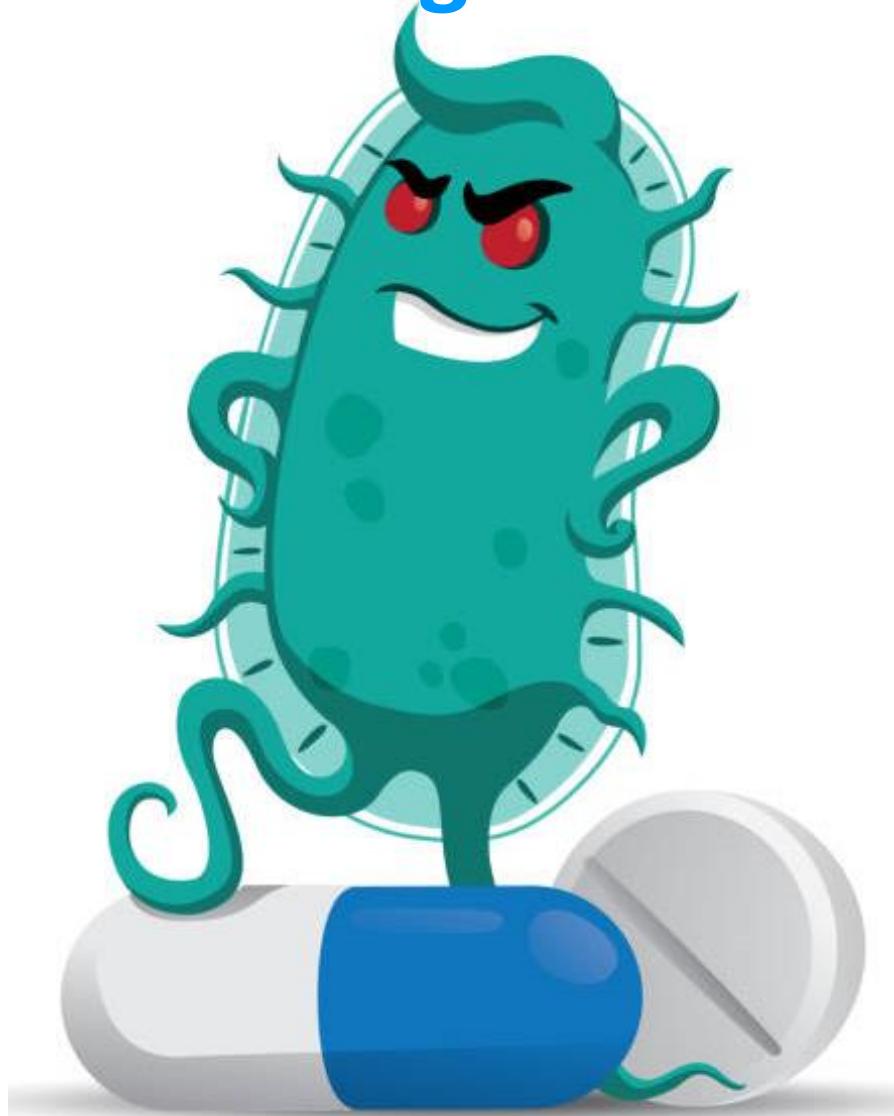
2022 - Ljubljana – Slovenia
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Multi-drug resistant tuberculosis



- Higher isoniazid dose effective against low to intermediate **resistant strains**, dose unknown^{1,3-4}
- INH resistance²
 - Drug sensitive, MIC of 0.03 to 0.2 mg/L
 - InhA mutation, MIC of 0.2 to 1 mg/L
- PK of isoniazid at higher doses has not been well characterised

1. Hameed, et al. Front Cell Infect Microbiol 2018; **8**: 114.
2. Mouton perspective. Drug Resist Update. 2011; **14**(2):107–17.
3. Lempens, et al. Sci Rep. 2018 ;**8**(1):3246.
4. Rieder et. al, Int J Tuberc Lung Dis 2017; **21**(1):123–4.
5. Böttger, Antituberculosis Chemotherapy; 2011

Objectives

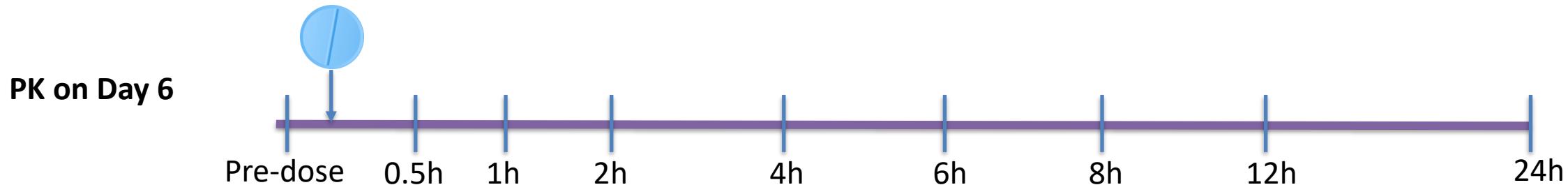
- Characterize PK of standard (5 mg/kg) to **high dose isoniazid** (10-15 mg/kg).
- Drug-drug interaction isoniazid and other **multidrug-resistant TB** regimen.
- Early bactericidal activity (EBA) isoniazid against *M.tb* (**drug-sensitive and inhA-mutated**).

Isoniazid Pharmacokinetics

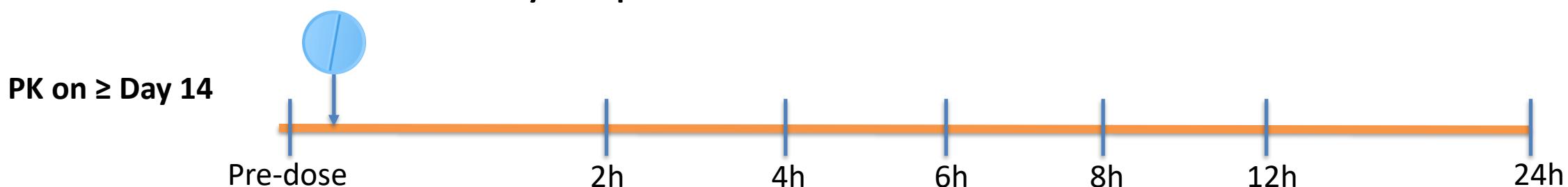


Method

- Pooled data: **INHindsight** and **PODRtb** study.
- **INHindsight** 7-day EBA of isoniazid monotherapy dose escalation

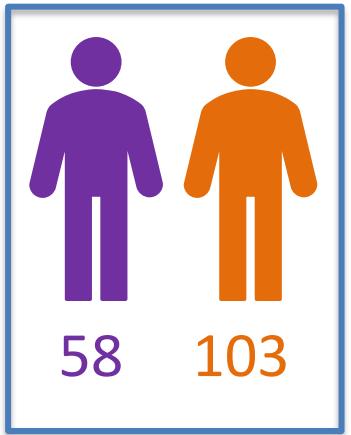


- **PODRtb** observational study of patients on standard treatment for MDR-TB

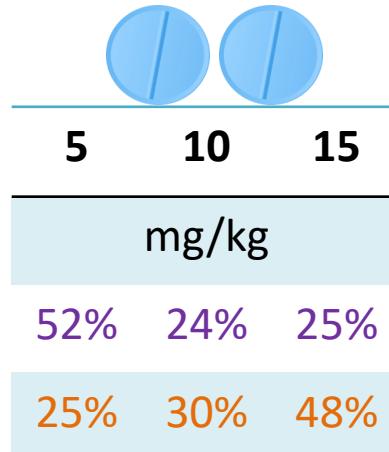


- N-acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2) genotype captured (rapid, intermediate or slow)¹
 - When missing, **mixture model** was used to assign phenotype²

Patient characteristics



HIV: +20%/-80%
+62%/-38%



NAT2

Slow: 26%

Intermediate: 55%

Fast: 13%

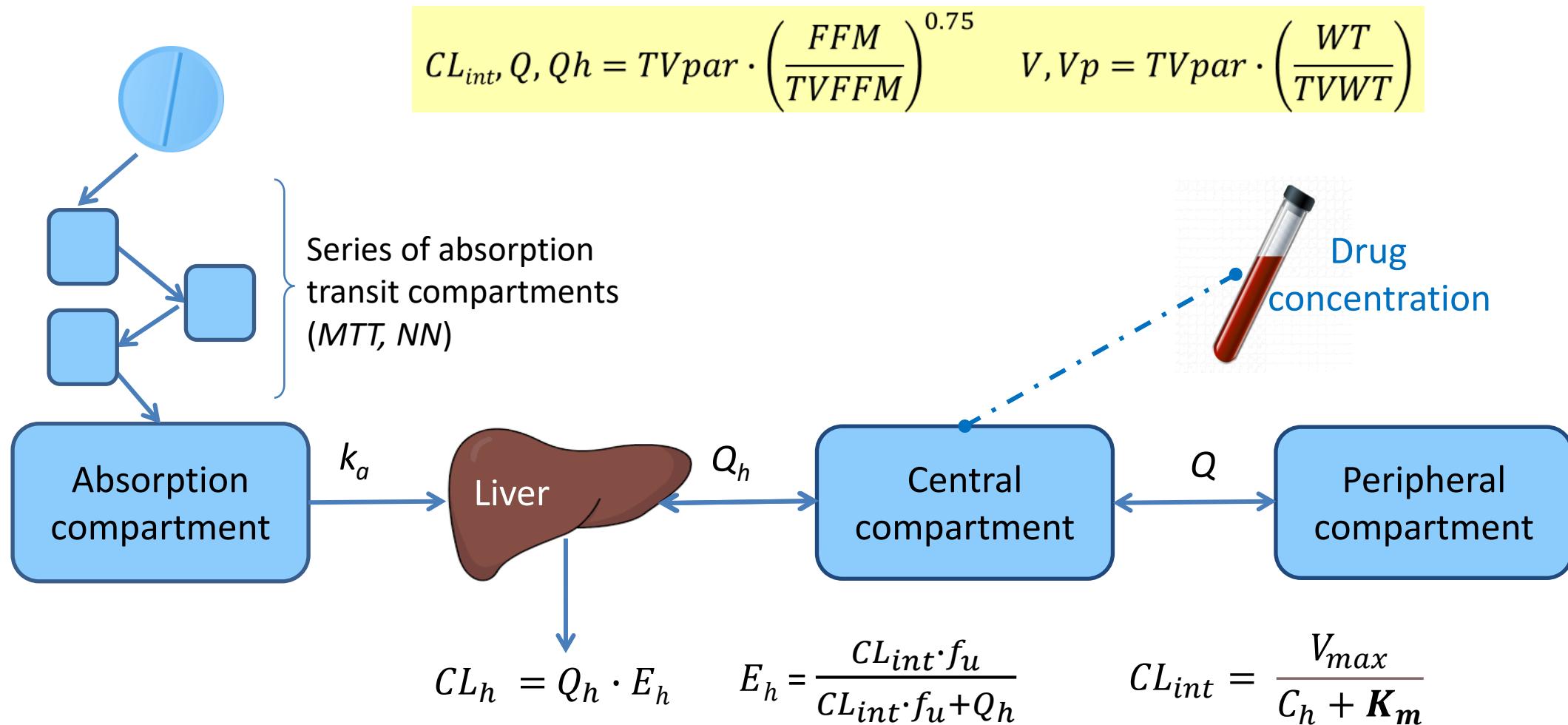
Missing: 6% ; 100%



Concomitant TB drugs - PODRtb

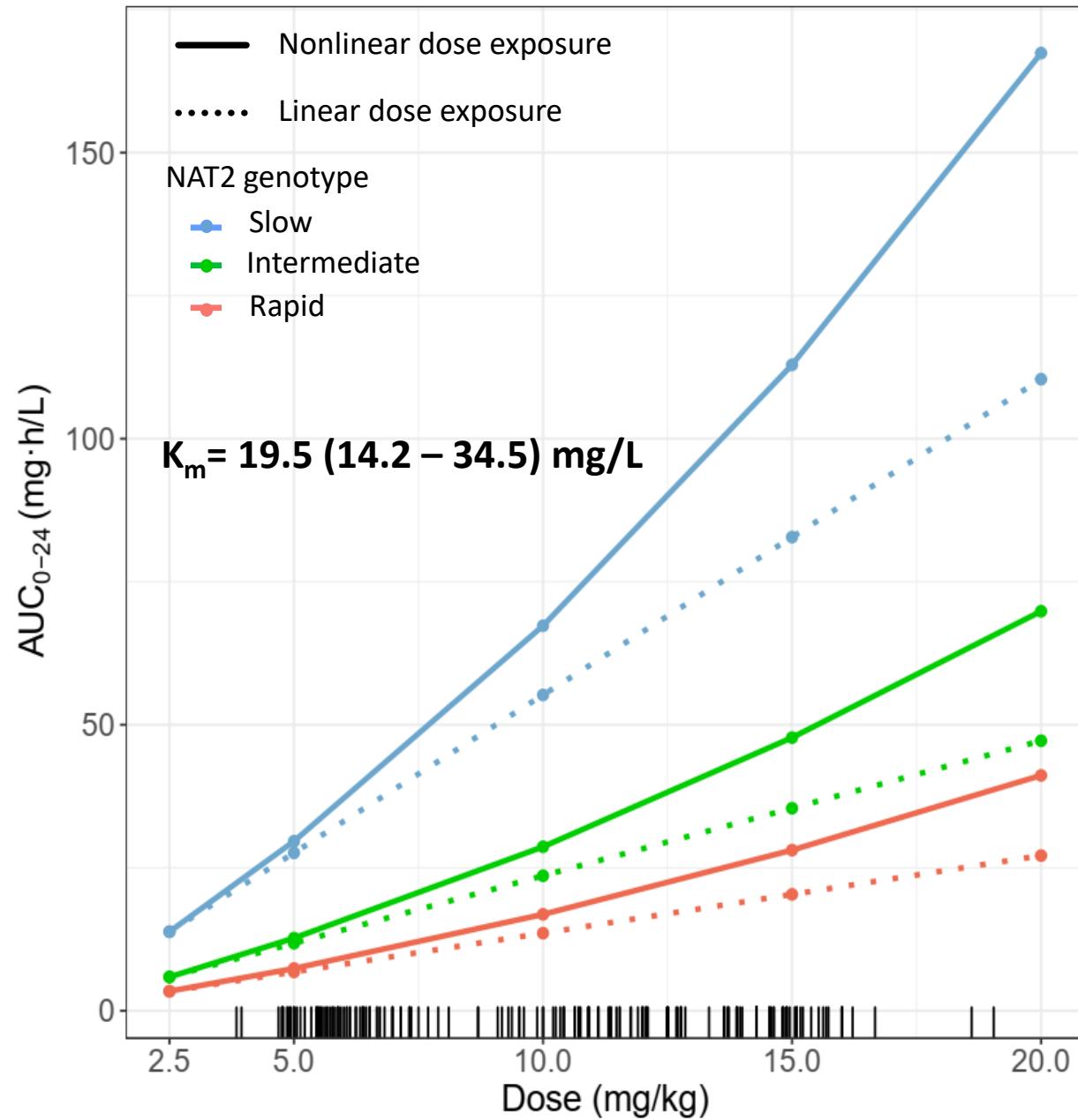
Ethambutol, Ethionamide,
kanamycin, Pyrazinamide,
moxifloxacin, terizidone/cycloserine

Pop PK model

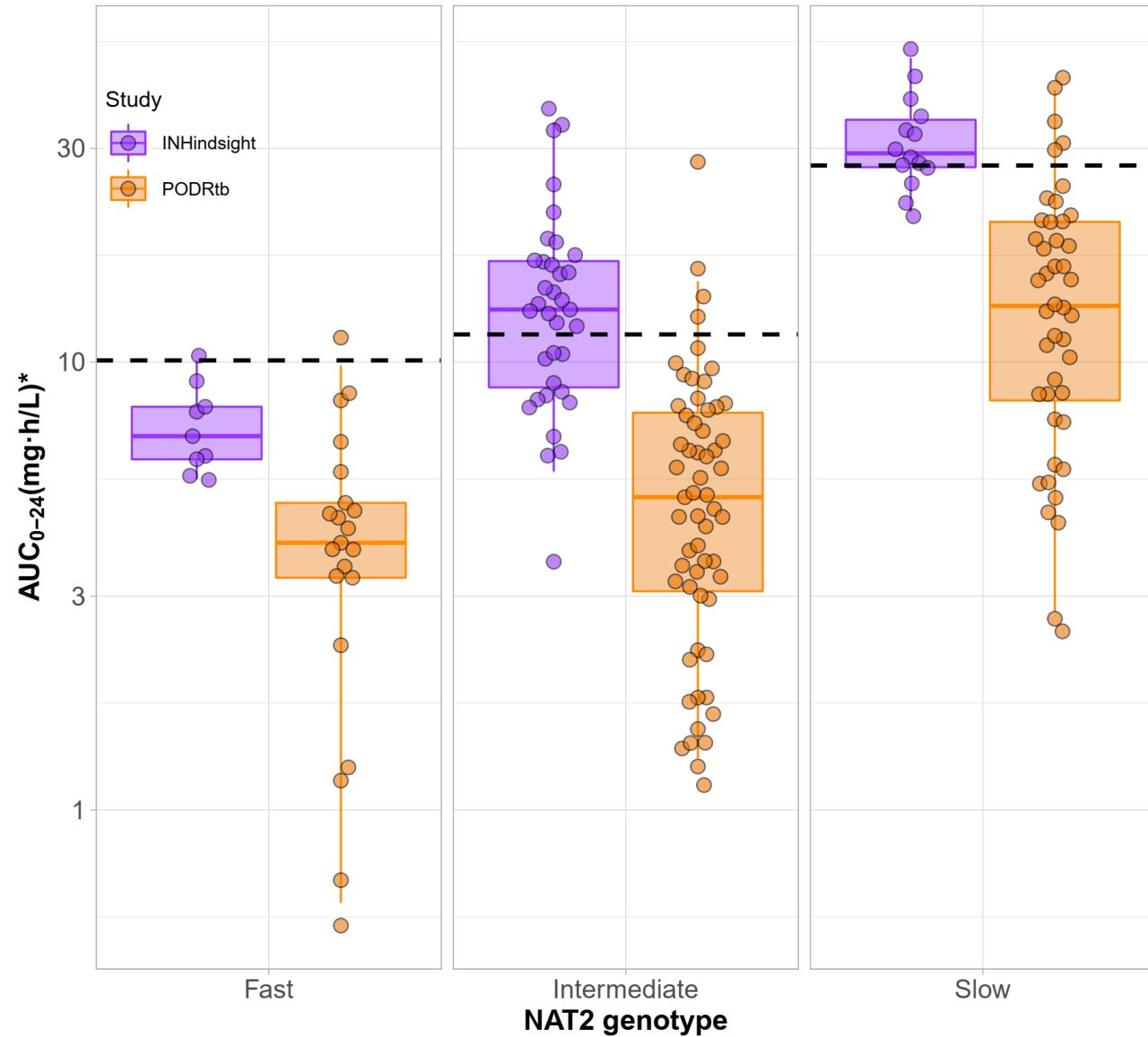
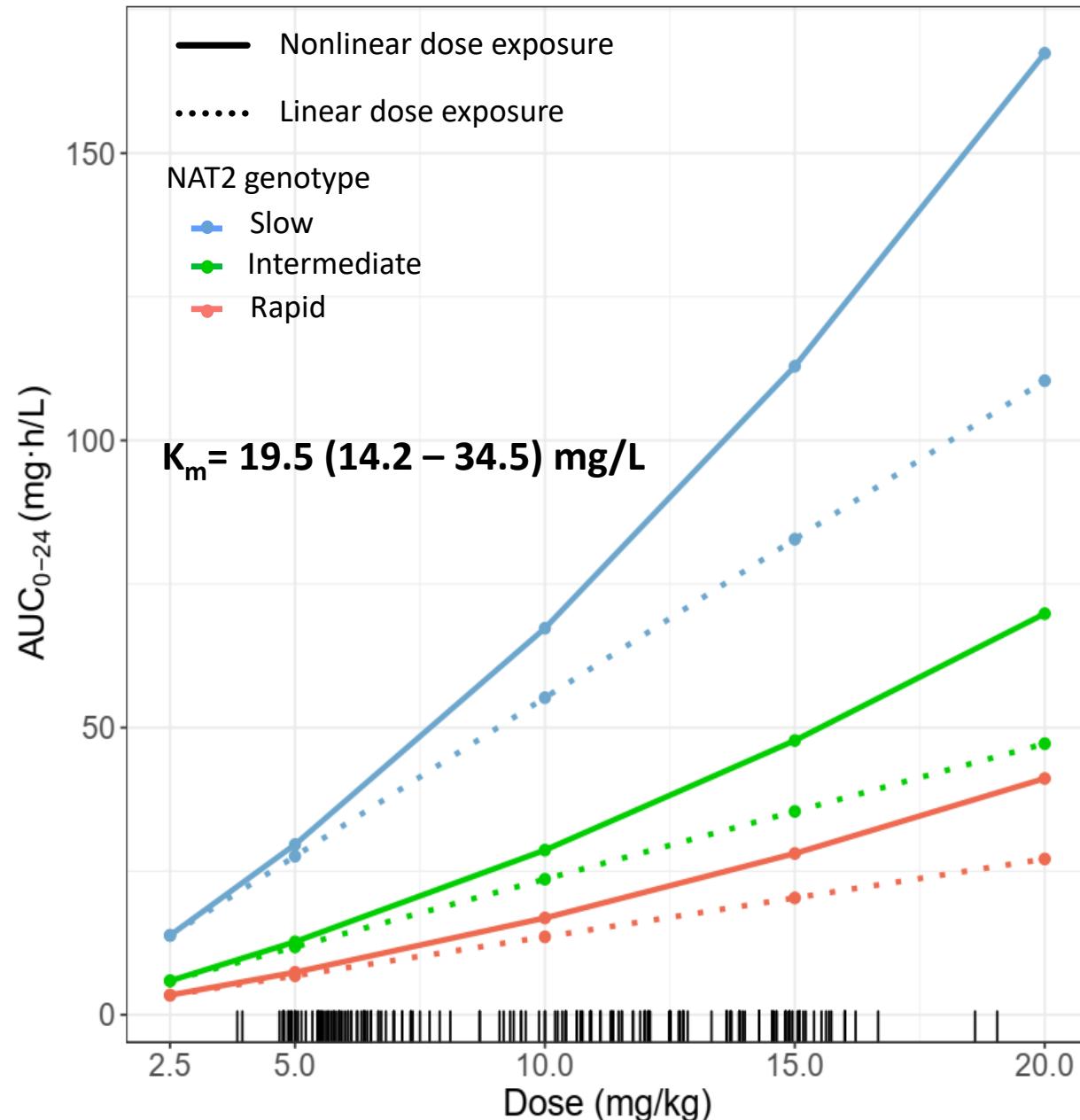


1. Chirehwa et.al. *Antimicrob Agents Chemother* 2016; **60**: 487–94.
2. Gordi et.al. *Br J Clin Pharmacol* 2005; **59**: 189–98.

Results



Results



Pyrazinamide, moxifloxacin, terizidone/cycloserine

*Dose normalised to 5 mg/kg

Hong. et al.. Ther. 42, e220–e241 (2020).

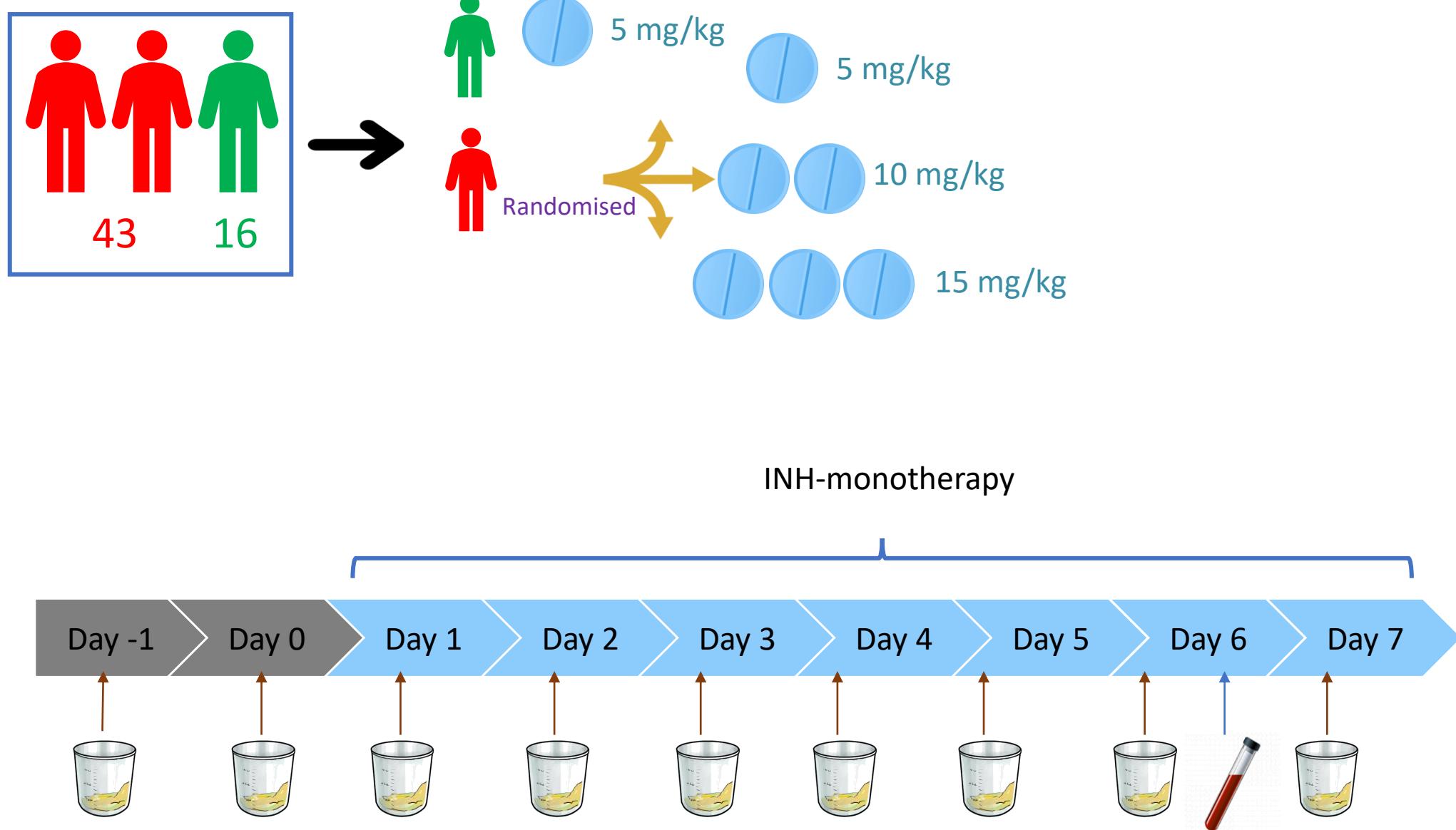
Winckler et.al. Int J Tuberc Lung Dis 2021; 25: 896–902.

Ranjan et.al. Antimicrob Agents Chemother 2019; 63: e00099-19.

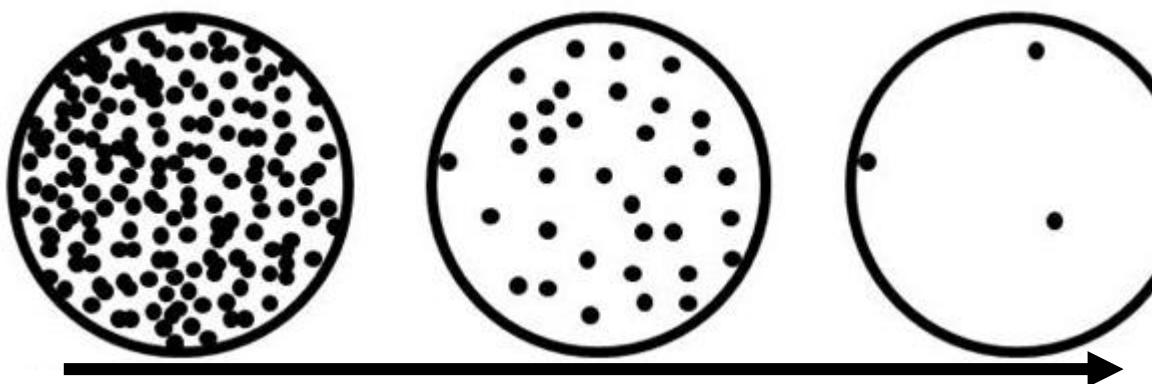
Isoniazid pharmacokinetics-Pharmacodynamics



Study procedure - INHindsight

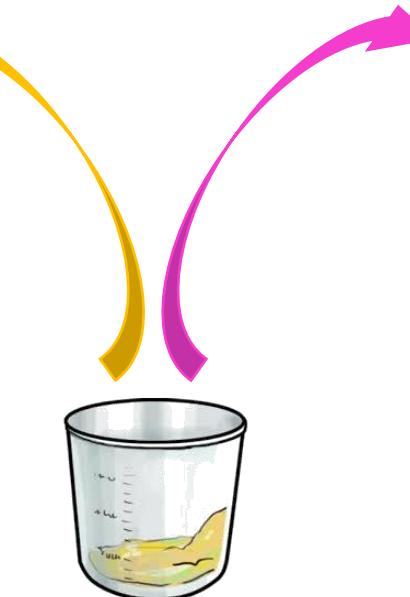
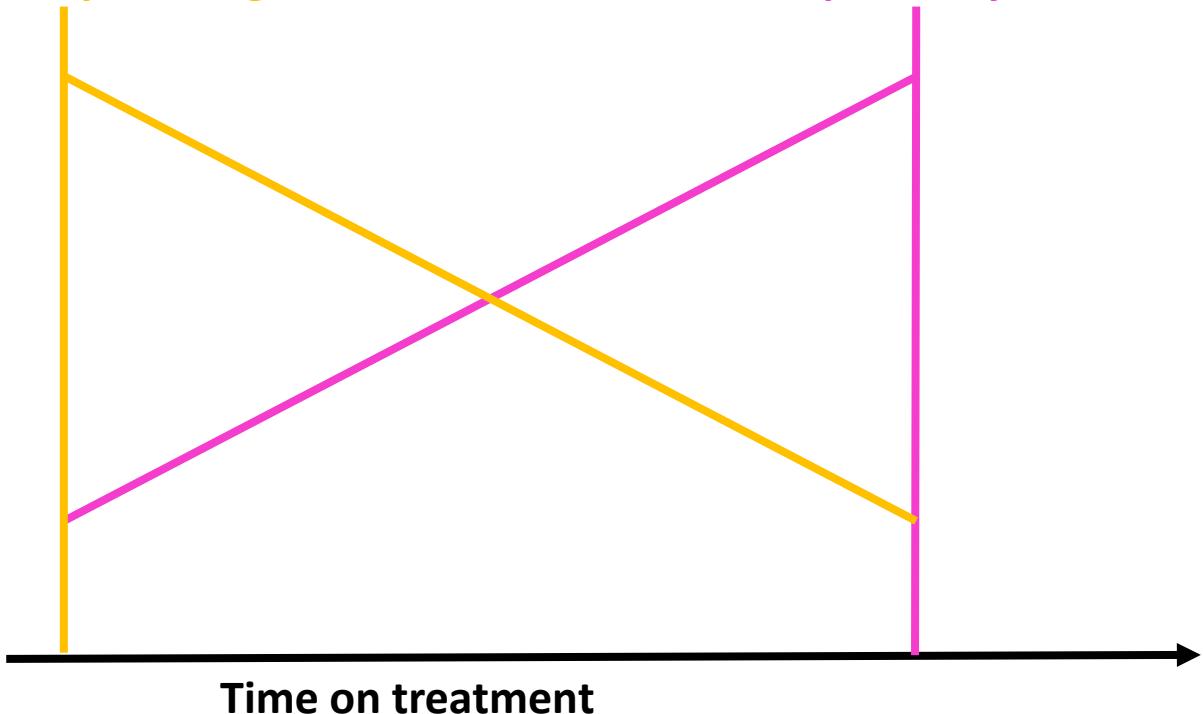


TB Biomarkers – Bacteria load



Colony forming units

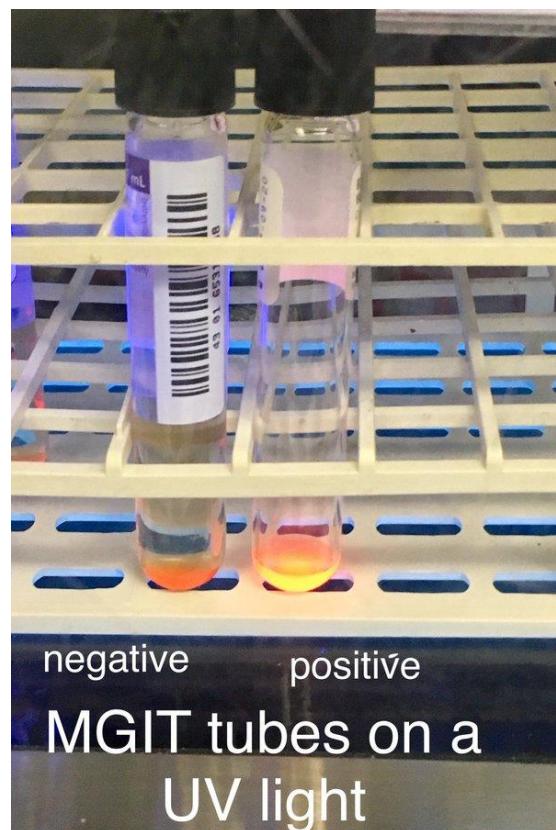
Time to positivity



Sputum sample



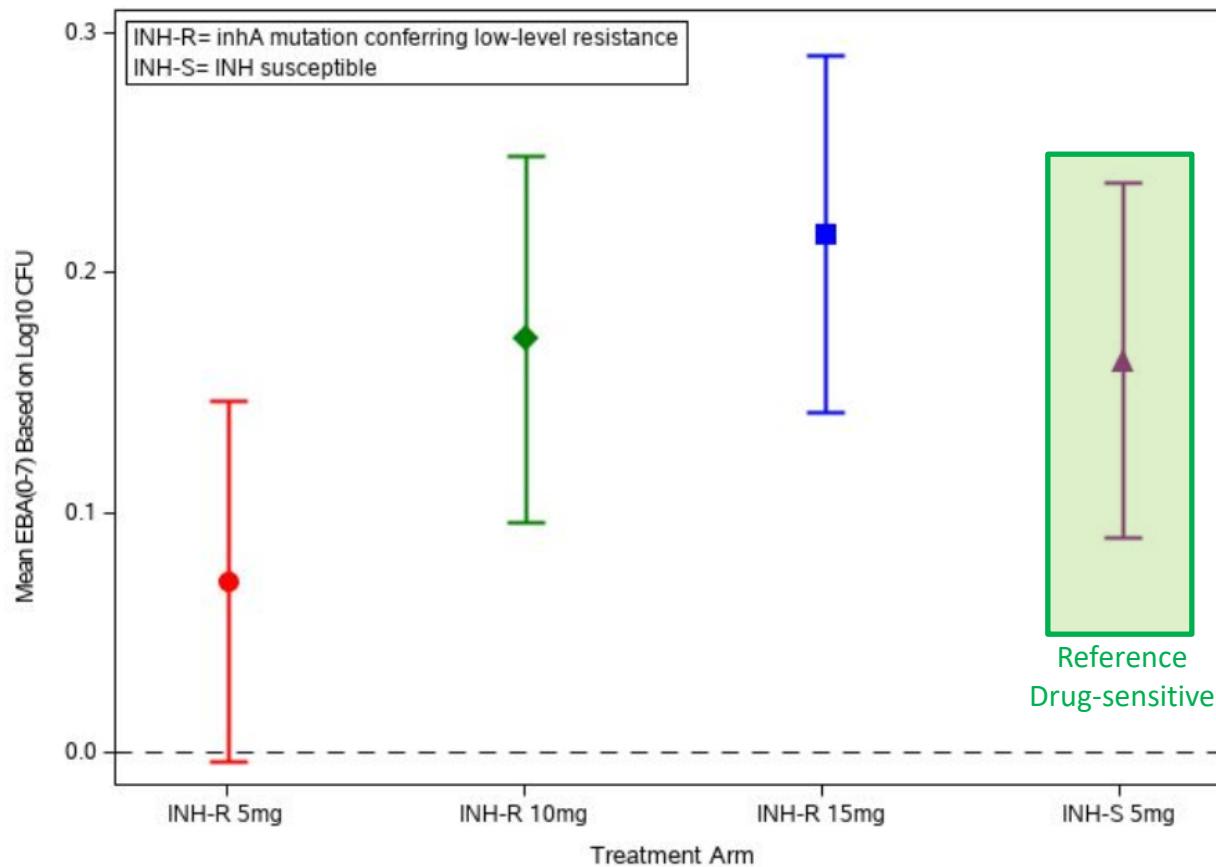
Mycobacteria Growth Indicator Tube (MGIT)



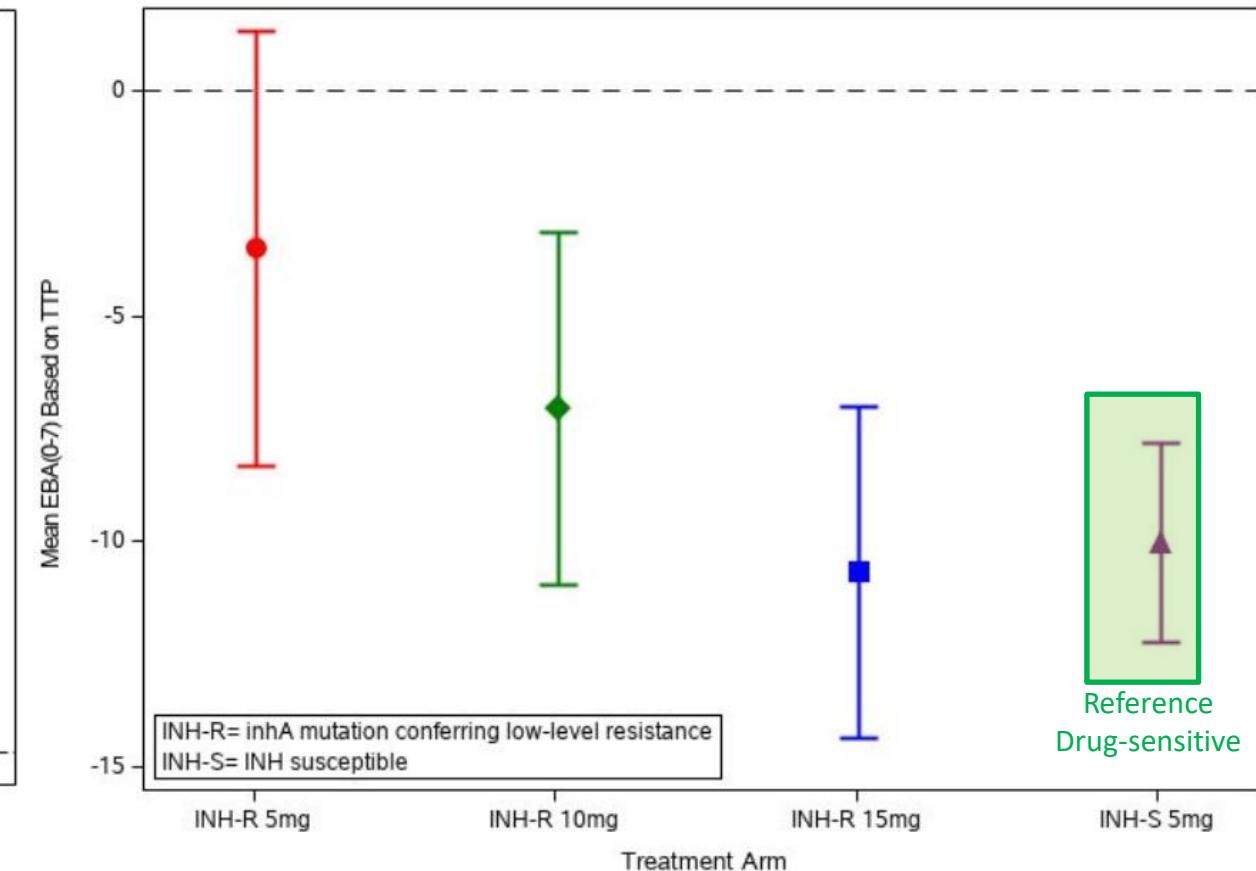
Tweet: @richdavisphd 19/05/2020

Primary analysis – EBA(0-7) by dose

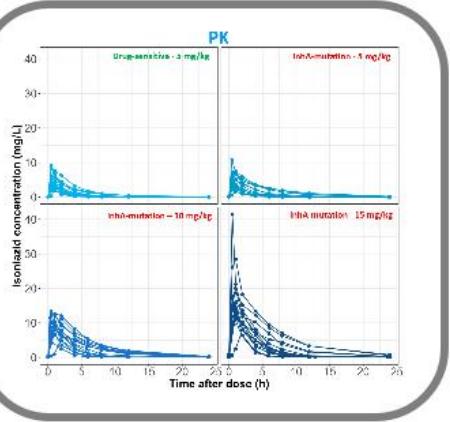
Colony forming units



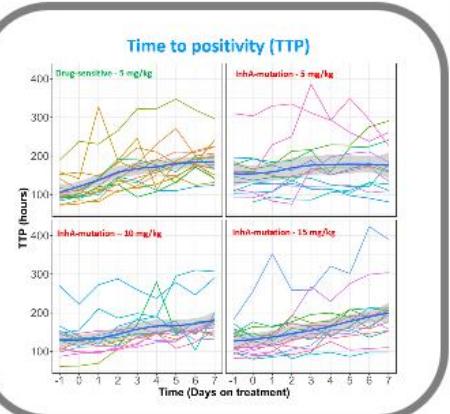
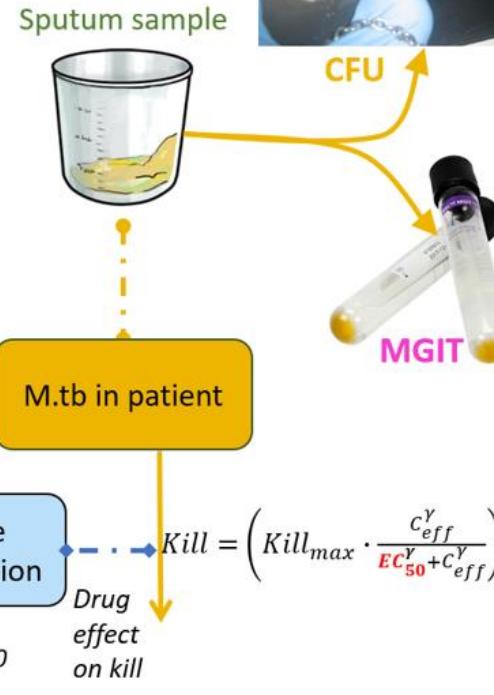
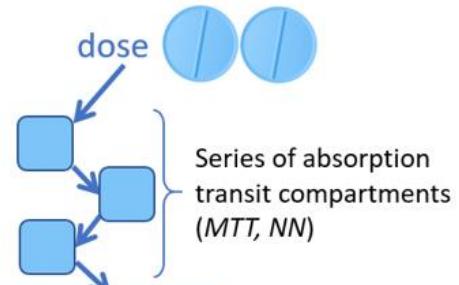
Time to positivity



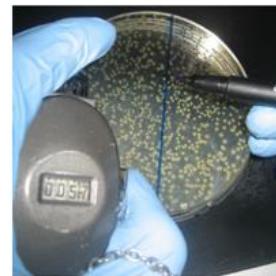
Data



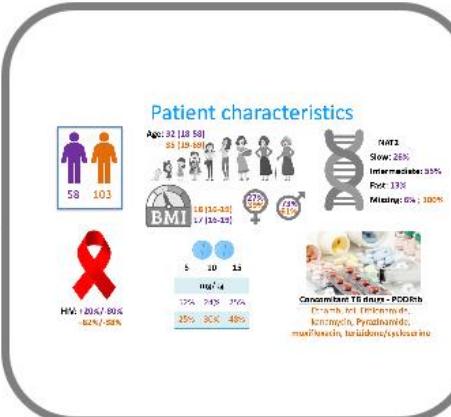
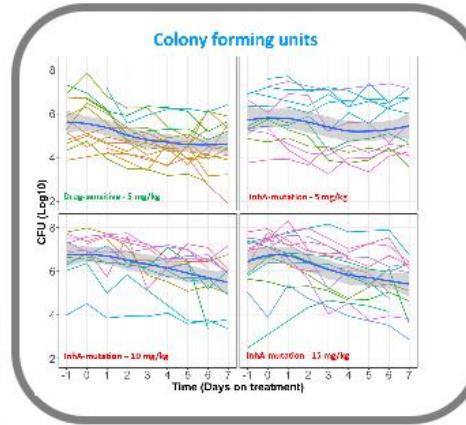
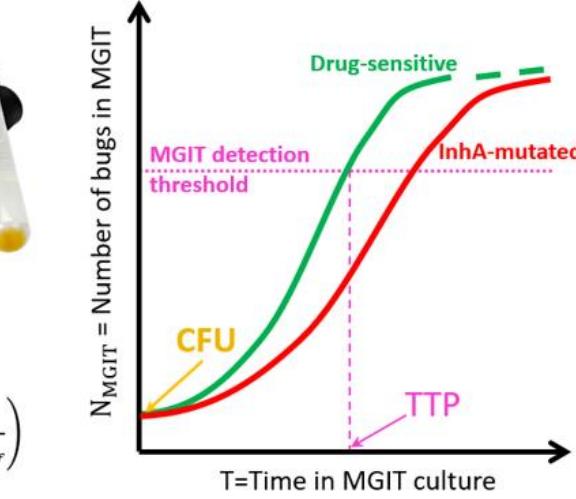
Pharmacokinetics of isoniazid



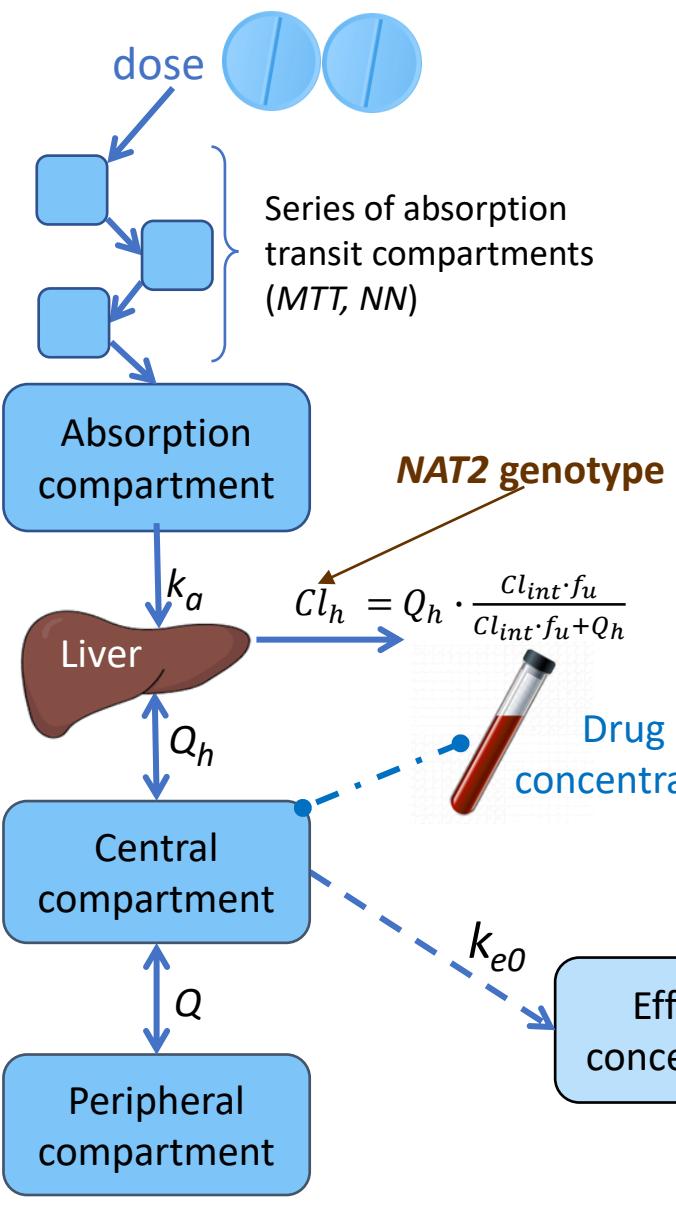
Bacterial kill model



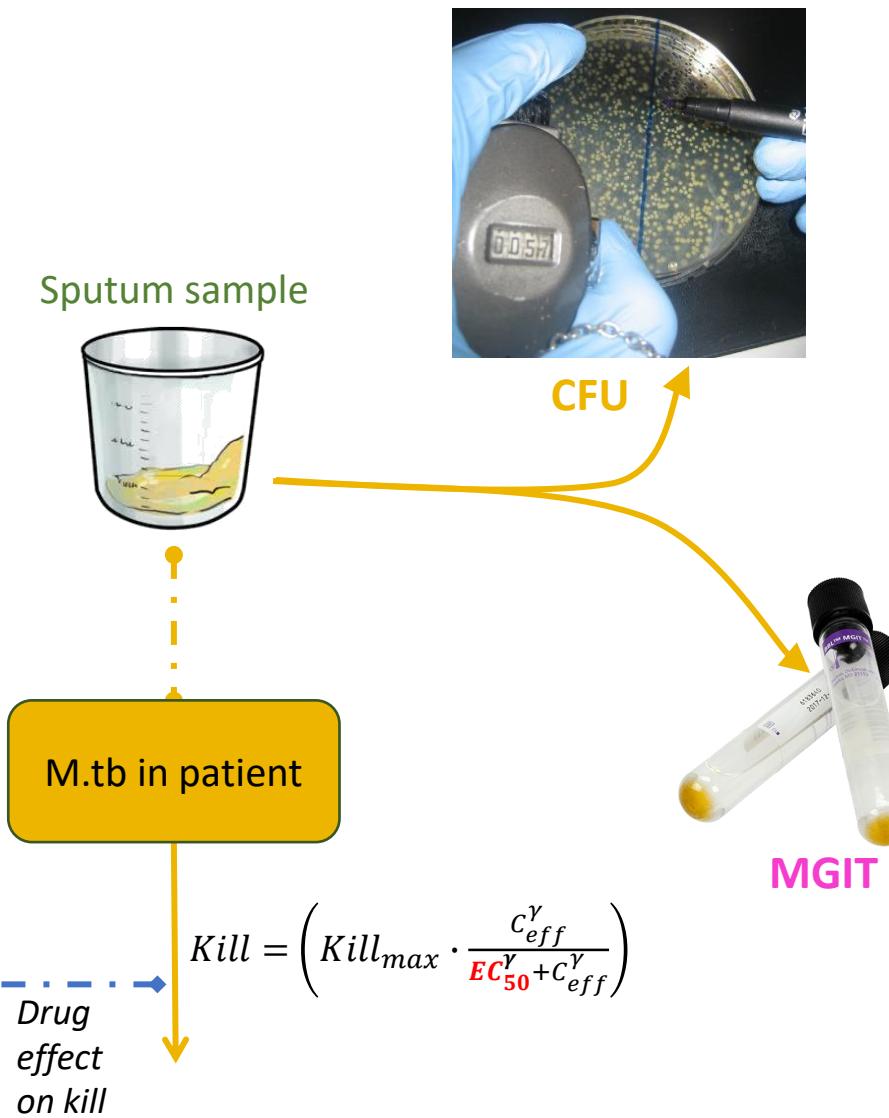
TTP in MGIT model



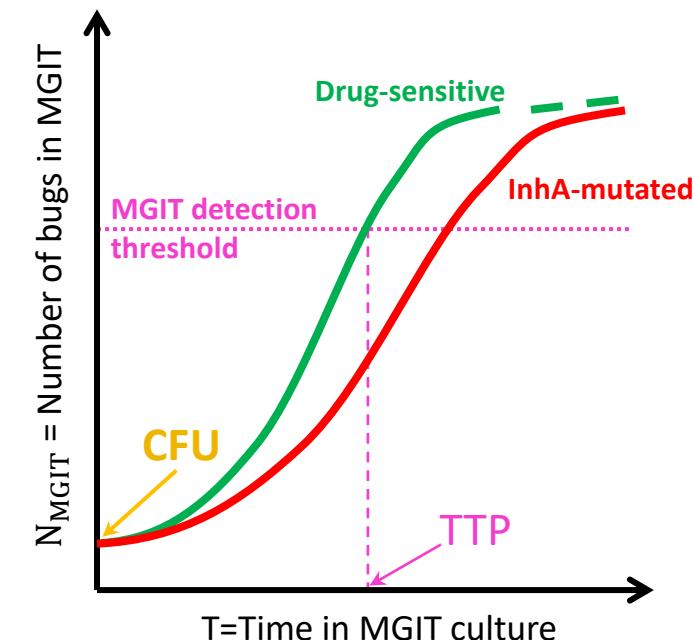
Pharmacokinetics of isoniazid



Bacterial kill model

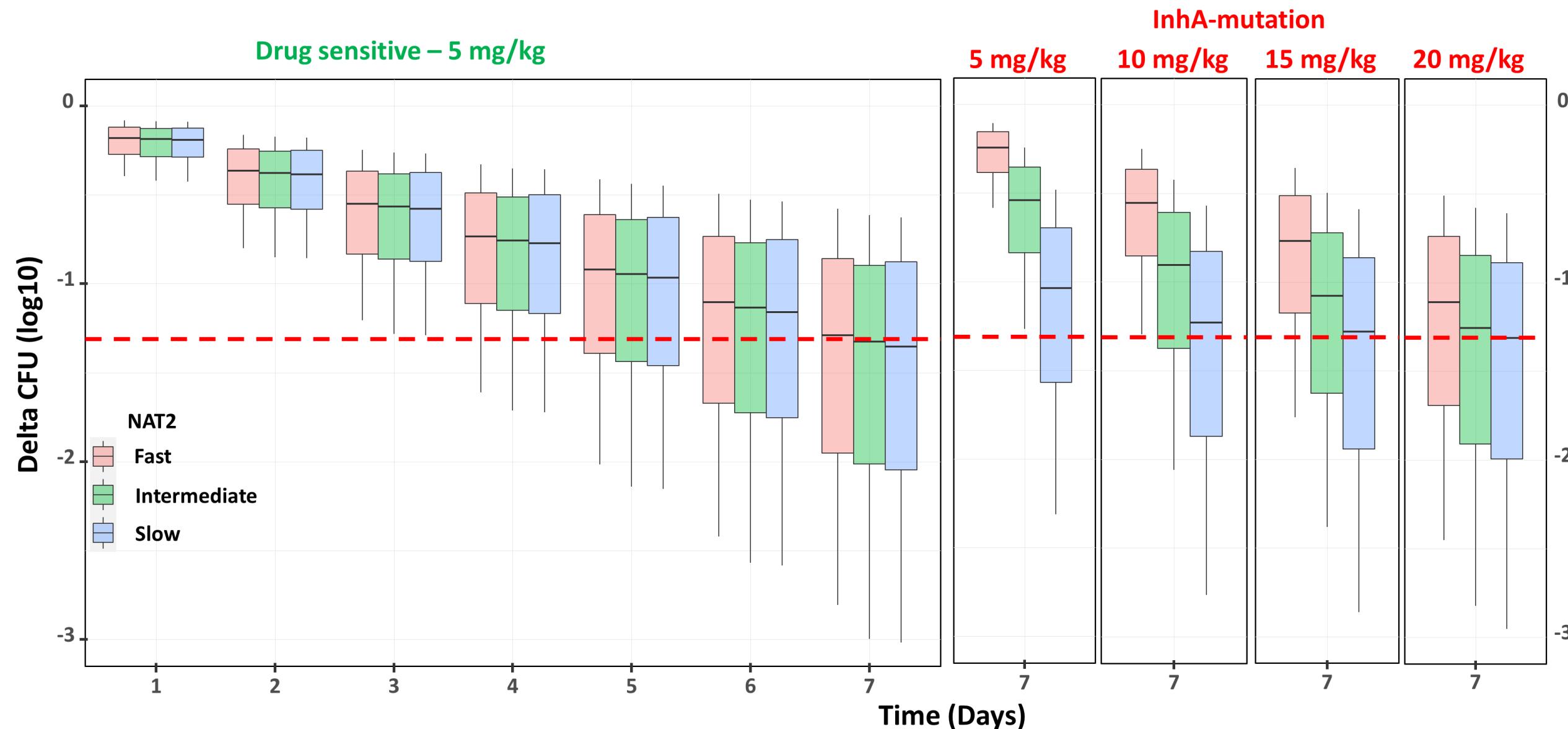


TTP in MGIT model

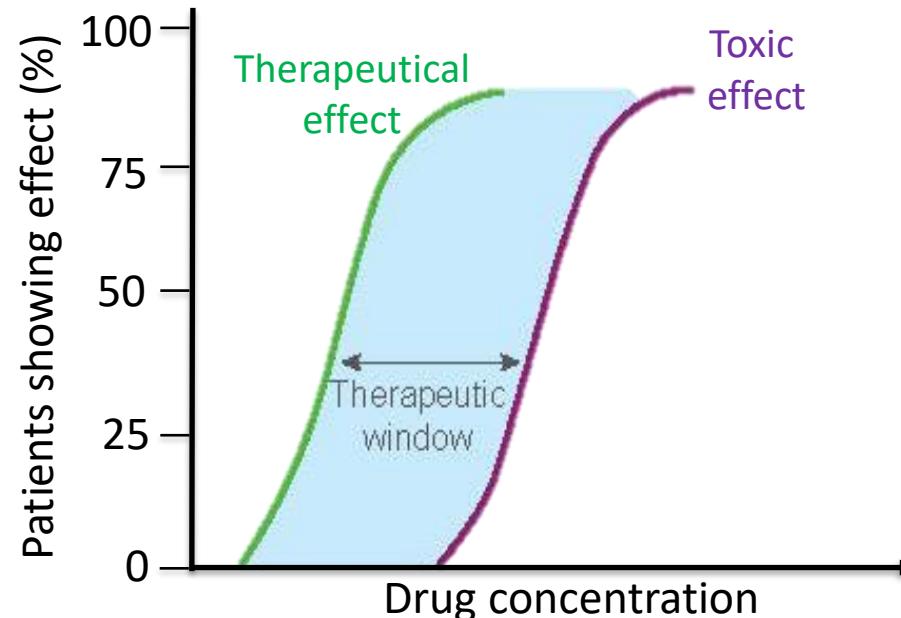
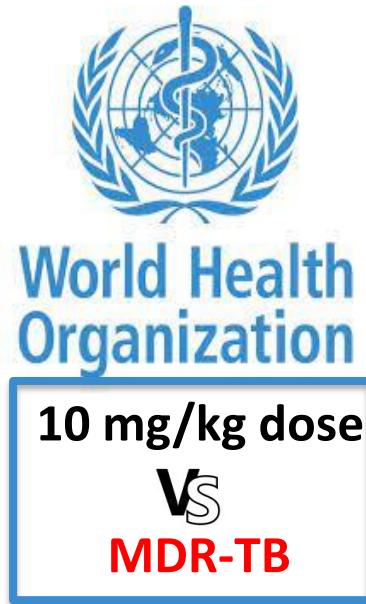
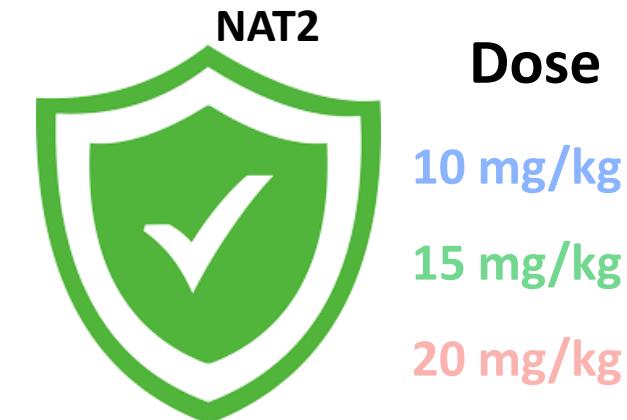
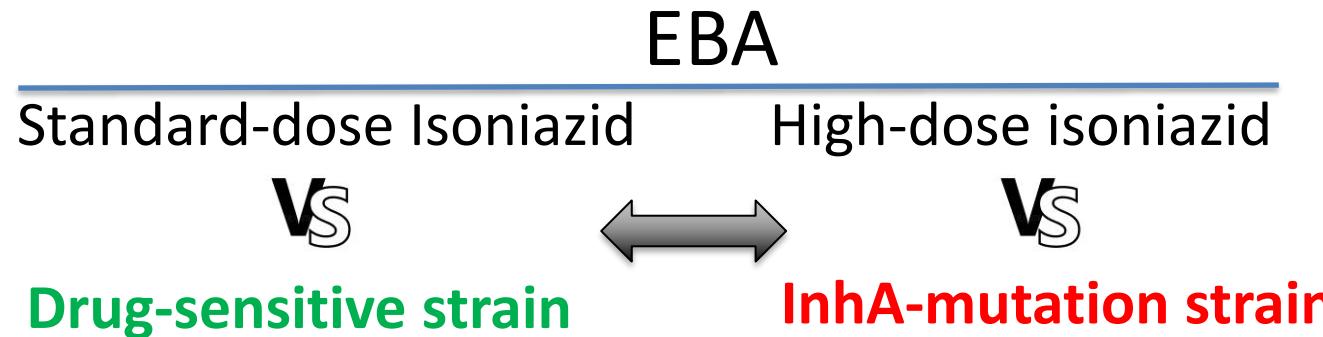


$$N_{MGIT}(T) = CFU \cdot e^{k_{growth} \cdot (T - \text{delay})}$$

Simulation of bacteria kill - Drop in CFU



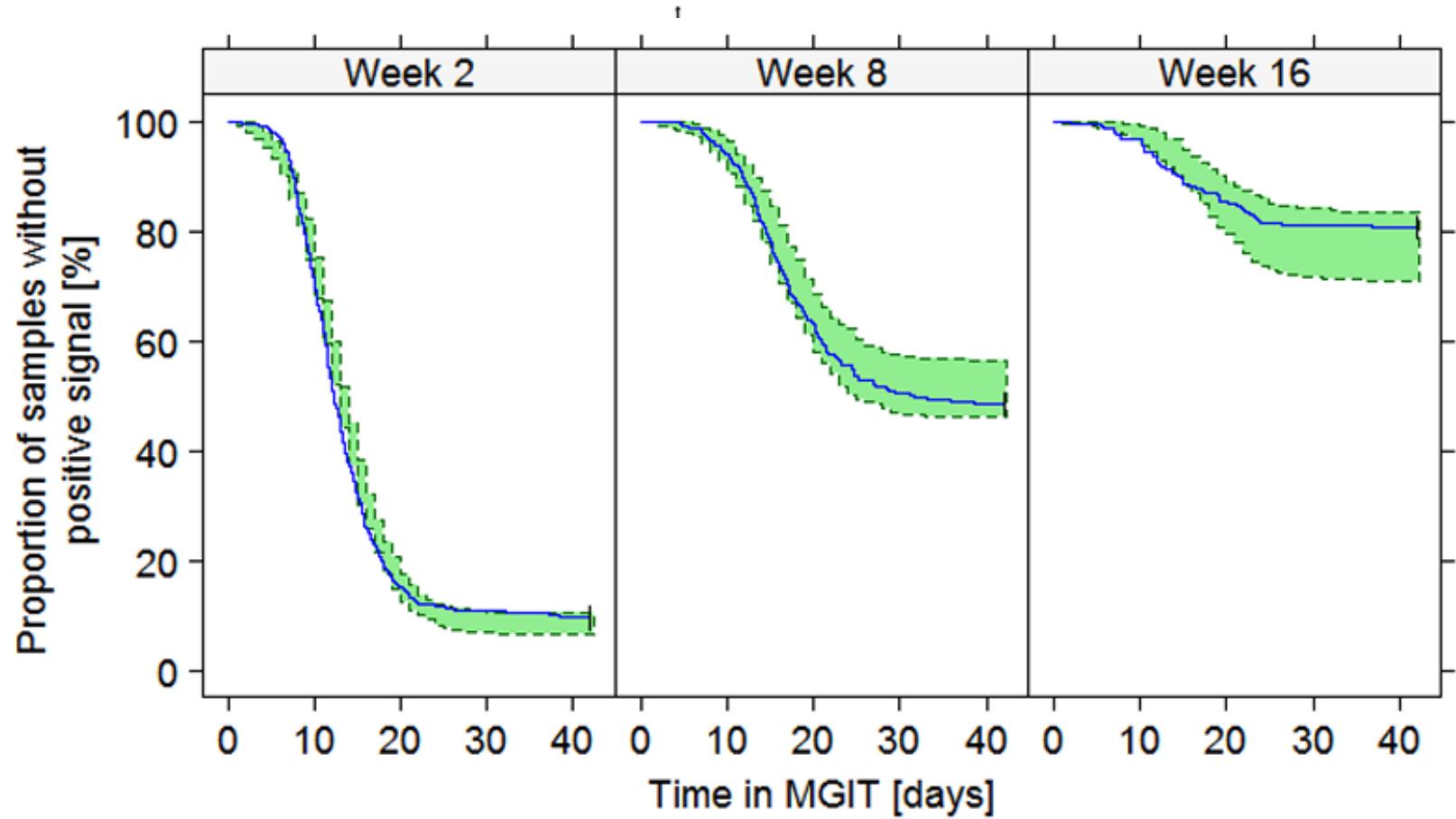
Conclusions



- Detect
- MTB DNA
 - Resistant strain
 - Now – NAT2

Challenges

- Time to event models.¹



1. Svensson et.al, 2017. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy; 72(12) , 3398-3405
2. Donald et.al., 2007. European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 63(7), 633–639.
3. Donald et.al., (1997). In Am J Respir Crit Care Med (Vol. 156)
4. <https://www.naturalhistorymag.com/features/073313/killing-the-unkillable>

Challenges

- Time to event models.¹
- Maximum-kill drug-sensitive strain.^{2,3}

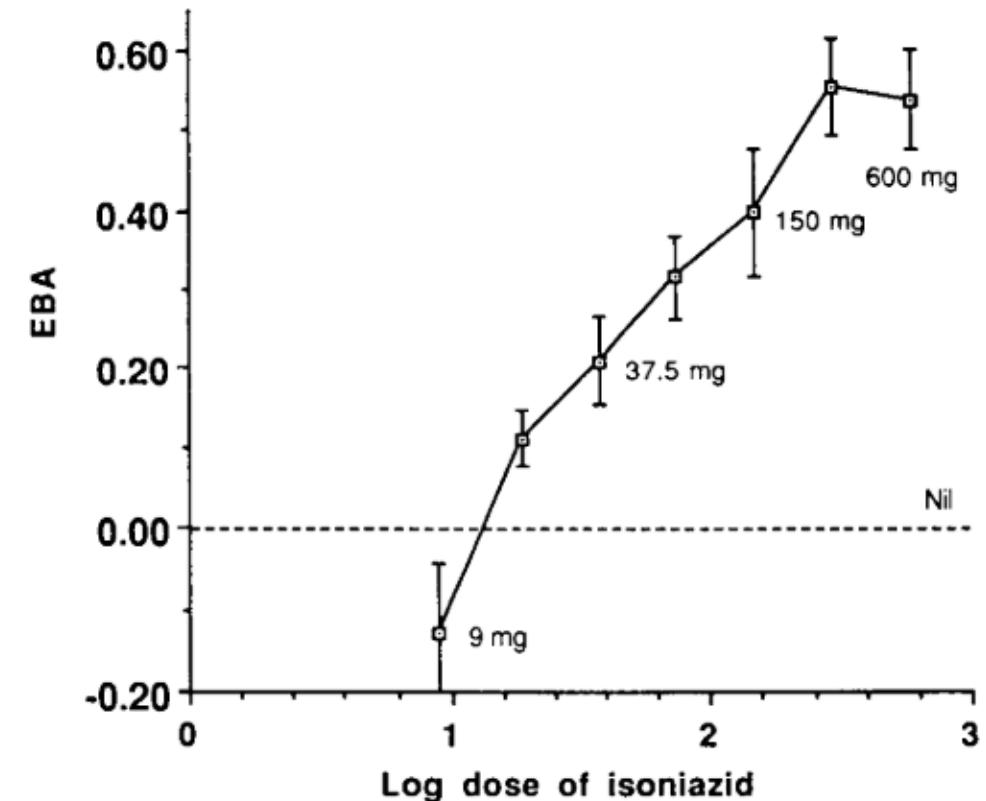
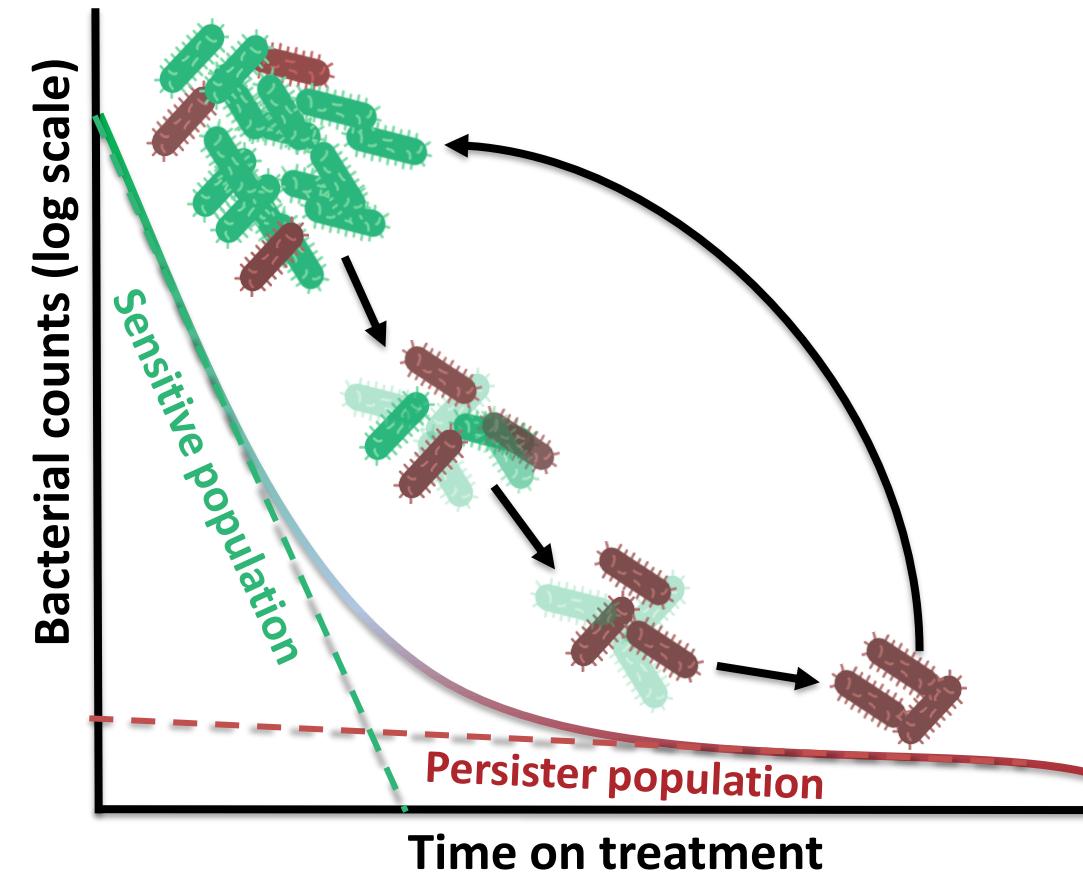


Figure 1. Early bactericidal activity (EBA) of isoniazid related to dose size (\log_{10} mg). Bars indicate SEM.

1. Svensson et.al, 2017. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy; 72(12) , 3398-3405
2. Donald et.al., 2007. European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 63(7), 633–639.
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Challenges

- Time to event models.¹
- Maximum-kill drug-sensitive strain.^{2,3}
- No biphasic kill.⁴



1. Svensson et.al, 2017. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy; 72(12) , 3398-3405
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